### STAT 2593 Lecture 019 - The Exponential and Gamma Distributions

Dylan Spicker

The Exponential and Gamma Distributions

## Learning Objectives

1. Understand the exponential distribution and its properties.

- 2. Understand the relationship between the exponential and poisson distributions.
- 3. Understand the gamma distribution, and the important iterations of it.
- 4. Understand the gamma function, and its properties.



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• The CDF is given by  $F(x) = 1 - \exp(-\lambda x)$ .

## The Exponential Distribution, Visually



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  - Events occur at a rate of α, so that their count is distributed as Poi(αt) on an interval, t.
  - The time between successive events follows an  $Exp(\alpha)$  distribution.

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 $\blacktriangleright$   $\Gamma(\alpha)$  is called the **gamma function** and is defined as

$$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x} dx.$$

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The CDF of the Gamma is given by

$$F_X(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \gamma\left(\alpha, \frac{x}{\beta}\right).$$

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  - We will often write  $X \sim \chi^2_{\nu}$ .
  - If  $\nu = 1$ , then the chi-square distribution is the distribution of  $Z^2$ , where  $Z \sim N(0, 1)$ .

# Summary

- The exponential distribution is a useful distribution for characterizing skewed data.
- The exponential distribution has closed form PDF, CDF, expectation, and variance.
- The exponential distribution characterizes the between-event times in a poisson process.
- The gamma distribution is a two-parameter distribution which generalizes the exponential.
- The chi-square distribution is a specific case of the gamma distribution.